

decimal eRT Instructions for Use

Overview and Indications for Use

The decimal ElectronRT (decimal eRT) app is an interactive end user application for electron treatment planning for the intended use and primary purpose of enabling radiotherapy professionals to efficiently design and analyze electron radiotherapy treatment plans. In the most common use case of the software, users will import patient data from existing imaging and contouring software programs, manage physician prescription and intent information, develop an electron treatment plan, analyze the plan to determine how well it meets the physician's goals, and order electron beam shaping devices for fabrication by .decimal.

Furthermore, since the accuracy of information computed and displayed by an application such as this is very important to the proper treatment of patients, it is critical that users have the appropriate educational and clinical experience backgrounds to adequately understand and use the product. Additionally, since each radiotherapy treatment machine produces a unique beam of radiation, there is much responsibility on the end users to adequately commission and test this software over the full range of expected treatment conditions before the system is utilized for patient treatment.

User Responsibilities

It is the user's responsibility to commission and test the dose accuracy prior to patient treatment. This general liability on the end users should be understood and communicated to all users and a representative with signatory authority from each facility using the decimal eRT app must sign a *User Agreement* stating their understanding and acceptance of this responsibility.

Additionally, a site administrator with signatory authority will be required to sign an *End User License Agreement* on behalf of the facility indicating understanding of the responsibilities for quality, accuracy, and security described herein.

Clinical Safety

It is the responsibility that the user performs end-to-end testing prior to the clinical implementation of the decimal eRT app. The user should follow accepted industry guideline (such as AAPM TG244) for the end-to-end testing. This testing should be performed by qualified personnel.

It is the responsibility of the facility to ensure that all users of the decimal eRT treatment planning system have had training on the product and possess the appropriate clinical education, experience, and (where applicable) licensure to develop clinical treatment plans. This includes, but is not limited to, the application training provided by .decimal staff.

It is recommended that users follow acceptable global standards during the commissioning of the decimal eRT product. During the clinical set up, the following should be tested to ensure clinical safety prior to treatment:

1. Geometric relationships of the hardware machine models
2. The dose algorithm
3. Data access and storage
4. Accuracy of the planning dose systems.

Warning

It is critical that all users read these Instructions for Use and the User Guide material carefully and completely and consult the provided User Guides and other training materials to ensure proper use of the application and proper interpretation of results.



Prior to the delivery of any plan on a patient, users are responsible for performing patient specific QA to ensure clinical acceptability of the delivered dose distribution. Since users are responsible for testing the acceptability of the delivered dose before treatment, .decimal, its staff, and representatives shall not be liable for any mis-treatments that may result from use of the system.

Caution: Federal law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a physician.

Intended Use

The decimal eRT app is an interactive end user application for device creation, dose calculation, and many other purposes, for the intended use and primary purpose of enabling radiotherapy professionals to efficiently design and analyze electron radiotherapy treatment plans.

User Profile

The decimal eRT app is a tool to develop radiotherapy treatment plans for delivery using an electron linear accelerator. Such plans are generally developed to meet the directives of a physician through a formal documented prescription. As such, the users of this application are expected to be supervised by an attending physician and should themselves be experienced in the physics and dosimetric characteristics of electron radiotherapy. Additionally, users are expected to have formal training in general radiotherapy techniques and best practices, electron therapy specific planning techniques, and general principles of patient safety and care. Most users will have college-level training or degrees, as

well as licensure for their particular roles and responsibilities through their state, nation, or professional association. Users should also be well versed in regulations regarding protection of patient health information and have a basic understanding of standard practices regarding computer usage and security.

Users should also be formally trained on the decimal eRT application, its features, these Instructions for Use, and User Guide prior to performing clinical treatment planning using the application.

Product Features

In the most common use case of the software, users will import patient data from existing imaging and contouring software programs, manage physician prescription information, develop an electron treatment plan, and analyze the plan to determine how well it meets the physician's goals. The primary and most frequently used functions of this software are the data and patient record management (for patient data storage), dose calculation, device design & optimization, user interface controls, and visualization tools.

The decimal ElectronRT software communicates with other radiation oncology software generally by sending & receiving files in various DICOM RT formats. Since the accuracy of information computed and displayed by an application such as this is very important to the proper treatment of patients, it is critical that users have the appropriate educational and clinical experience backgrounds to adequately understand and use the product. Additionally, since each radiotherapy treatment machine produces a unique beam of radiation, there is much responsibility on the end users to adequately commission and test this software over the full range of expected treatment conditions before the system is utilized for patient treatment. It is this area that provides opportunity for the most likely misuses of the software, which would be incorrect or inadequate commissioning of the application (note many other cases of potential misuse will be designed out of the system by limiting user interactions, providing warnings, and preventing unsafe or incompatible operations). This main misuse is mitigated by requiring that users perform appropriate quality assurance measurements for each patient plan prior to treatment, which should independently confirm that the treatment plan displayed within the decimal eRT app adequately matches the actual to be delivered plan. Please note that such testing is a safety and regulatory requirement in most territories.

decimal eRT User Guide

Overview

The decimal ElectronRT (eRT) application is used for planning of electron radiation therapy treatments. decimal eRT is an interactive end user application that allows users to design treatment plans and electron beam shaping devices (e.g.: bolus, blocks, and intensity modulators) and order those devices for fabrication by .decimal.

Purpose

The purpose of this document is to provide guidance on the setup, access, and usage of decimal eRT.

Getting Started

Proper use of this software is critical to safe and effective treatment of patients using plans generated by this application. Users are expected to read and understand this complete User Guide including the [Instructions for Use](#), which outlines the general usage principles and limitations of the decimal eRT app. Users must read and understand these instructions before operating the system for clinical use. Refer to each section below for complete details:

- **Instructions for Use**
 - [Overview and Indications for Use](#)
 - [User Responsibilities](#)
 - [Warning](#)
 - [Intended Use](#)
 - [User Profile](#)
 - [Product Features](#)
 - [Patient Data Model](#)

Precautions

It is the responsibility of those utilizing this application to ensure that all usages of this product relating to patient treatments are performed by trained and qualified personnel only and that such personnel is aware that the quality of any generated treatment plans is highly dependent on the quality and correctness of the input data; therefore if any questions or uncertainties regarding the quality, units, or identification of input data arise, they must be investigated and resolved before the data are used.

Initial Setup

Once decimal eRT has been purchased, .decimal staff will assist with beam model creation, software installation, and user training. Users will generally be trained at two separate levels, system administrators and end users. System administrators will be setup with appropriate access and tools for managing the software, including both the local resources and user accounts. End users will be primarily trained on the details of generating high-quality treatment plans using the local client portion of the application. Additionally, the medical physics team will be trained and assisted in completing the beam modeling and equipment setup processes, which are explained more fully in the [Commissioning Guide](#).

Installation

The decimal eRT application is installed via the [decimal Launcher](#) client application. Refer to the decimal

Launcher [user guide](#) for details on using the decimal Launcher.

The main high level requirements for using the decimal Launcher and decimal eRT application are:

1. .decimal Direct account credentials
 1. This account needs association with a Site ID (.decimal Customer Account number) that has been licensed for use of the decimal eRT application
 2. This account needs specific .decimal Permission for accessing the eRT modules
2. The decimal Launcher installed

Please refer to the decimal eRT [System Requirements](#) page for complete details on hardware and network requirements.

Site Settings and Facility Model

When using the decimal eRT app for the first time users will be required to setup and configure their site facility settings. This includes organization level details (name, report logo, override materials, etc) and specific site details (ordering address, physicians, DICOM export servers, QA options, and machine commissioning).

The [Organization Configuration](#) user guide section describes each of the blocks and configuration interfaces.

DICOM Receiver

The decimal ElectronRT application supports importing DICOM patients via a DICOM listener/receiver. Refer to the [ElectronRT DICOM Receiver setup guide](#) for instructions for enabling and configuring this method of DICOM patient import into the eRT application.

Keyboard and Mouse Controls

The decimal eRT app utilizes keyboard shortcuts to help streamline many commonly used functions and display controls. A complete listing of these shortcuts along with a full description of the mouse controls is located at the [Keyboard and Mouse Controls page](#).

Application Usage

The following sections are thorough guides providing complete information about each task within the decimal eRT application.

- [Launching decimal eRT](#)
- [DICOM Patient Import](#)
- [Patient Courses](#)

- Electron Plans
 - Prescription
 - Patient Geometry
 - Points
 - Uniform Thickness Bolus
 - Imaging
 - Density Overrides
 - Electron Beams
 - Electron Block Creation
 - Electron Skin Collimator Creation
 - Electron Bolus Creation
 - Electron Intensity Modulator
 - Electron Beam Normalization
 - Plan Approval
 - Plan Reports
 - Plan QA
 - DICOM Export
- Organization Configuration
- Sandbox Testing
- App Settings

Improper System Usage

When using decimal eRT, as with any complex program, there is the potential for misuse. The decimal eRT app is a radiotherapy treatment planning tool that is intended to be used by experienced and knowledgeable professionals working in the field of radiation therapy.

Known Application Limitations

Below are listed the known application limitations, defects, or inconsistencies.

General

ID	Affected Version(s)	Description
1	All	Simultaneous record access: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If multiple instances of the application have the same treatment plan record opened, changes will be prevented from being pushed to the patient database if the treatment plan is changed first by another user. This will cause the other simultaneous instances to become outdated. Changes to the local application on outdated instances will be blocked from pushing plan changes to the patient database, but the changes may still appear to have happened in the local application. Users will be warned of their changes being blocked by the error: "Plan revision is outdated. Please close and reopen the treatment plan to continue using this plan."

ID	Affected Version(s)	Description
2	All	<p>Random Application Crashes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If the local or network disk cache becomes corrupted the application may crash at seemingly random places while calculations are computing. Clearing the local disk cache within the application settings may help resolve unreproducible application crashes during calculations running.
3	All	<p>Network patient database:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If the application is set to use a network patient directory shared with multiple users there may be a risk for 'database is locked' errors. This is due to the application using SQLite as it's database engine, which does not robustly support concurrent database users and reading/writing. While normal usage between one or two users may not pose a problem with this, having a significant number of users simultaneously accessing the network database or the following scenarios can cause the database to lock and throw this error: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ The application crashes or a network connection is interrupted during a SQL commit that allows the 'unlock' step to be missed OR ◦ The file is locked due to other network usage (e.g.: the file is in use by an external service such as an Antivirus scan, backup, etc) OR ◦ Multiple simultaneous users are attempting to read/write to the database at the same time • If you receive the error "database is locked" you'll have to wait and try again once the database is unlocked
4	All	<p>Application fails to load computed data: Under the following scenario, the application request and state handling has a known bug that results in computed data not loading within the application until a application close and re-open is performed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A patient/plan is opened and a user interface or task is opened • Data begins computing (e.g.: a dose, beam, or device) • While the data is computing the user navigates to another user interface within the application • If the data finishes computing for the first user interface while the user is navigated to a new user interface and then the user navigates back to the first user interface, the application may not know the data is computed to display or use the results.

Site / Machine Modeling

ID	Affected Version(s)	Description
1	All	The eRT Application currently supports only the following Electron Treatment Machines: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Varian C-Series Linacs (iX, TrueBeam, and Edge) • Elekta Linacs (Versa HD, Harmony, and Infinity)

DICOM Import

ID	Affected Version(s)	Description
1	All	Closing the application immediately after importing a DICOM patient and before the job 'copy_imported_dicom_files_to_course' completes will cause an incomplete CT Image Set when exporting DICOM later in the application.
2	0.9.0+	Only plan files with a valid bolus in at least one beam will import properly.
3	All	"Point" type items in RTSTRUCT files are not imported.

DICOM Export

ID	Affected Version(s)	Description
1	All	The UI may freeze temporarily during Export, but recovers cleanly after exporting completes.
2	All	Exported CT images may be rotated from the originals for certain orientations, which changes the order of the pixel data in the CT image files, but does not change the CT information, so the original UIDs are still maintained.
3	All	Points defined in the eRT Application are not included in the exported DICOM Structure Set files.
4	All	(Unapproved plans only) Files exported separately within eRT will not have matching reference UIDs as each export is treated as a unique instance (each export of an unapproved plan requires a unique approval waiver and as such is time stamped to that instance). If all files are exported at once, then all reference UIDs will be properly linked.

Beams

ID	Affected Version(s)	Description
1	All	Adding more than one beam with an optimized thickness bolus can sometimes result in the DVH inspection performance being slow.
2	All	Optimized Bolus outside shape is generated to the target size and not the block size. So if manual edits are performed on the block that expand the block shape, the bolus extents may be undersized. This can be remedied by increasing the bolus block outer border.
3	0.0.3+	Skin collimator devices may cause interference with fitting inside of the electron bolus when fitting on the patient surface. This is due to sharp corners that result from a rough patient surface contour.

Plans

ID	Affected Version(s)	Description
1	All	(Approved Plans) Users should understand that the eRT application stores only user input information and not computed data. However, since machine models and dose calculation algorithms can change over time, certain calculated data and equipment model data that is considered critical to the patient's treatment record is stored with each plan upon approval. This stored data includes: treatment device shapes (e.g. bolus, collimators, intensity modulators), 3D dose fields per beam, and beam model data. However, it should be noted that data derived from these stored results may be recomputed and is therefore subject to change if Approved Plans are loaded in future eRT versions. One such example would be DVH curves. While the dose is stored and will never change for an Approved Plan, the sampling scheme used in DVH calculations can change over time, therefore DVH curves may change even for Approved Plans if such changes are made in the eRT application. Patient-to-applicator collisions, structure volumes, and QA Dose Calculations are additional examples of information that could change in future application versions as this data remains computed, not stored, even for Approved Plans.
2	All	Plan Approval requires the approver to login to the eRT directly from Launcher, there is no separate login at the point of approval.
3	All	Patients imaged in a Decubitus position will display axial images in a rotated view. All direction labels and beam angles are correct and the software functions as intended, but the axial view maintains the vertical direction as AP/PA.
4	All	The eRT software application does not support manual/hand editing of contoured structures (including bolus/skin collimators) at this time.

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Data Management (Storage and Caching)

The decimal eRT app has four main components for its data storage that allow secure and efficient data access while sharing patient data and cached calculation results across an organization for multiple users. The four data storage systems are as follows:

Storage	Description / Purpose
1. Patient Database	SQLite database for all organization, patients, and treatment records
2. Patient File Storage	Folder directory that contains all propitiatory data file formats
3. Network Data Cache	Optional folder directory that contains an SQLite database and cached calculation results to share across multiple users
4. Local (client) Data Cache	Folder directory that contains an SQLite database and cached calculation results

At a high level, the decimal eRT application interacts with each data storage element during normal treatment planning as depicted in [figure 1](#).

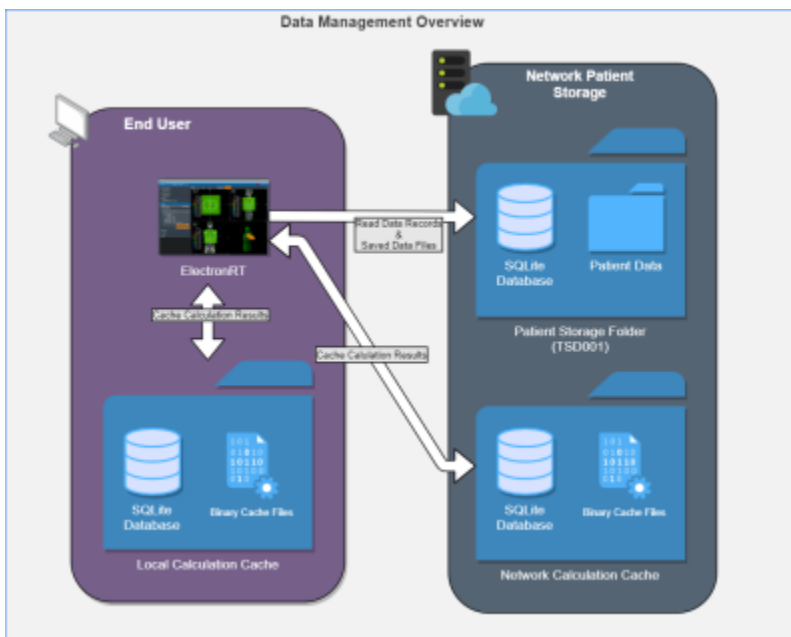


Fig. 1: Data Management Overview

Patient Database & File Storage

The decimal eRT app allows for centralized patient data that is shared between multiple clients ([figure 1](#)). The patient storage folder includes an SQLite database for maintaining data records and modification events. By placing this directory on a network location users can share the database across multiple workstations and users.

Patient files are stored in a folder structure that represents the organizational hierarchy of the patient data model. All patient identifying information is encrypted, refer to [File Security](#) for more details, in the database and patient data files to prevent unauthorized access to patient data. Files also include 32bit checksums that are linked to encrypted database entries to ensure they are not substituted or modified in an unauthorized manner. Refer to [Data Integrity](#) for further details on how data is prevented from modification and changes.

Network & Local Data Cache

The decimal eRT app uses calculation data caching to improve the user experience by loading results from disk rather than recomputing on demand. The calculation disk cache files are comprised of proprietary compressed binary files that represent a completed calculation result. Storing and using the cached calculations results in speedier load times of patient/plan data, beam dose, and hardware devices without having to utilize the processing power of the computer each time a plan is opened. If a calculation result is not found in the calculation cache, the calculation will be performed and the results stored in the cache. The calculation cache is comprised of a local disk cache and an optional network cache (refer to [figure 2](#)).

Using the local cache allows for the caching of calculation results to the individual user's workstation and the network cache allows users to share calculation results among all users using the centralized patient database (e.g.: user 1 saves a plan and user 2 opens the plan on a different computer; by saving to the

network cache, user 2 automatically loads in user 1's results without having to recompute them). Reading data from the local cache allows for the fastest data load time for the end user. Refer to [figure 2](#) for the cache saving mechanics between the local and network caches.

By default when decimal eRT is installed the cache locations are set to the following:

- **Local cache:** C:\ProgramData\decimal ElectronRT\cache
- **Network cache:** None - This must be setup in the [application settings](#) for each client workstation that is intended to use the network cache

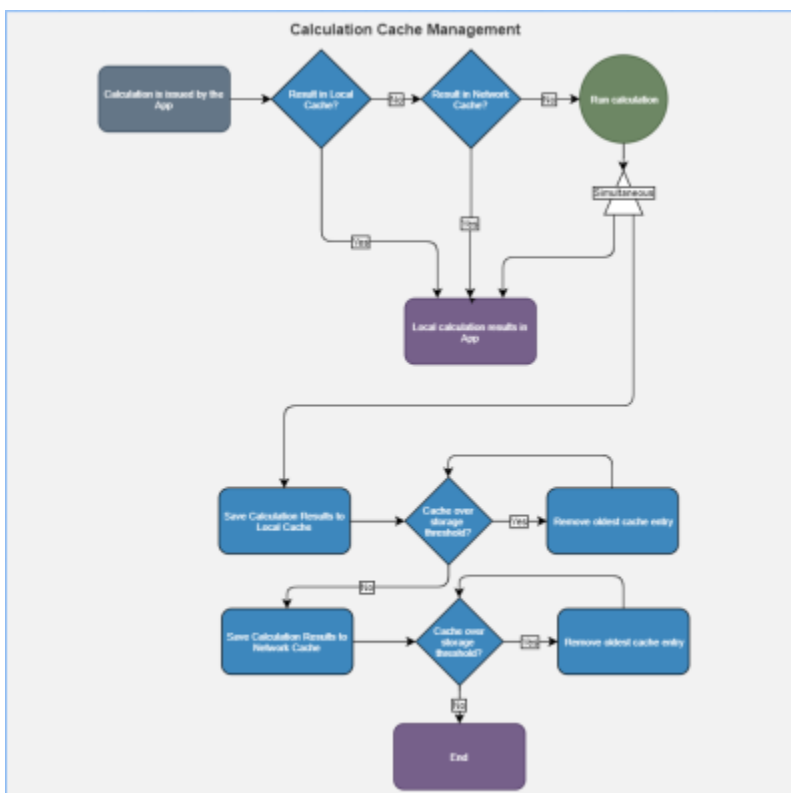


Fig. 2: Data Cache Overview

When the local and/or network cache fills past the set limit within the decimal eRT client, the oldest data will be removed so the cache remains under the limit in the app settings. No plan record data is kept within the local or network cache, so loss of this data only impacts user performance of unapproved plans. On plan approval all critical plan data (devices, dose, etc) is captured in the Patient File Storage.

Clearing the Cache

The local or network cache can be cleared by using the decimal eRT [application settings](#).

In the case of a cache corruption, a manual cache deletion may be required. If the app is unable to open or crashes immediately on open, the local cache should be cleared:

1. Navigate to the cache directory (e.g.: C:\ProgramData\decimal ElectronRT\cache) and manually remove the entire cache folder

2. Reopen the application and the cache will be rebuilt as the decimal eRT application is used

Data Integrity

Local Data Storage

As with any software application there is always concern with system and data integrity. decimal eRT makes use of caching at various system levels to improve performance and mitigate some of these concerns. Refer to [Data Management \(Storage and Caching\)](#) for details on decimal eRT data caching. While decimal eRT has been designed with security in mind, users should understand that it is still their responsibility to ensure the system is accessed and controlled properly. Following international standards for IT risk management, such as IEC 80001-1, is therefore highly recommended.

Since data integrity is a critical feature for application such as this, the decimal eRT app automatically and continuously saves both the state of the application and the working record data on a timer (triggering every minute or less) as well as on exit of any create or edit event in the application. Additionally, each "save" event creates a new entry in the record's history log in the local database, which provides a log file for editing of all records and ensures that patient records are saved securely. Note it is highly recommended that the application database is hosted on a separate server containing independent, redundant storage drives so that data is not lost in the event of a local system failure or crash.

File Security

The following table describes the file security methods used for decimal eRT data. The subsequent paragraphs provide supplemental details for each item.

Item	Storage Type	Encryption Type
Patient Database	SQLite Database	AES-256
	Fields Containing PHI/PII	AES-256
Patient/Data Files	Local/Network File System	AES-256

All PHI/PII data (including data files and database fields) is encrypted using AES-256 with an encryption key that is unique for each organization/patient storage location.

- **decimal eRT data files:** (includes but is not limited to: organization, beam model, patients, course data, plans, etc) Files are encrypted using AES-256 when stored to disk and secured with a checksum stored as an encrypted field in the application database. When files are read from disk, the contents are checked against the corresponding encrypted checksum to ensure the file contents have not been changed, manipulated, or substituted.
- **decimal eRT patient database:** Database is encrypted using AES-256. Additionally, the patient identifying fields within the database are further encrypted using separate AES-256 encryption, adding an additional level of security for patient data within the application database.

Note: The [local calculation cache](#) files are a non-human readable, proprietary compressed binary format.

These files may contain unencrypted patient identifying information. The local cache is purged as the cache fills with data, so exposure to long term data is limited. Workstation level disk encryption (e.g.: bitlocker) is recommended to protect against unauthorized access to calculation caches by providing encryption at rest.

Data Import/Export

Patient data is imported and exported using the DICOM NEMA 2020 standard to ensure the data is transferred error free and securely. Refer to the decimal eRT [Dicom Conformance Statement](#) for the supported DICOM tags. Exported information includes the operator name (the user logged into the eRT software) and the date of export.

Data Backup Recommendations

Since the decimal eRT app stores data on local file storage on each customer's servers we recommend frequent periodic backups of the file-system in which the patient database and file store are kept.

There are 4 major components for the decimal eRT app that should be considered for data backup using the following [Data Duplication or Backup Process](#). Refer to [Data Management \(Storage and Caching\)](#) for a full detailed explanation of each item.

Data	Severity of Data Loss	Recommended Frequency
1. Patient Database	Critical	As frequent as possible (minimum daily)
2. Patient File Storage	Critical	
3. Network Data Cache	Medium	Daily
4. Local (client) Data Cache	Low	N/A

.decimal recommends Patient Database [1] and Patient File Storage [2] backups as frequent as possible, at least nightly, to ensure there is no substantial dataloss or interruption of software use. If the [4] Local Data Cache is lost on each workstation the [3] Network Data Cache will be fallen back to by the decimal eRT app. So backup of this data is not necessary. Refer to [Network & Local Caching](#) for a overview of the caching mechanic.

It's also recommended that prior to deploying a new release version, a full [data backup](#) is performed. While this step should be unnecessary, it's recommended as a precaution in case there are problems with the version upgrade.

Internet Data Transfer

Since electron therapy generally requires frequent use of patient-specific devices that are often not fabricated in-house, there is a necessity to transmit device manufacturing parameters and information to .decimal servers to all for fabrication of the custom devices. In order to protect patient privacy, .decimal's proprietary order file format contains only the minimal data necessary to manufacture each requested

device. .decimal values the privacy of patients and security of our customer's sensitive information and we believe the best safeguard to protect critical data is to ensure it doesn't leave your facility. As such, no PHI, PII, or any sensitive customer billing/payment information is contained in the order files sent to .decimal.

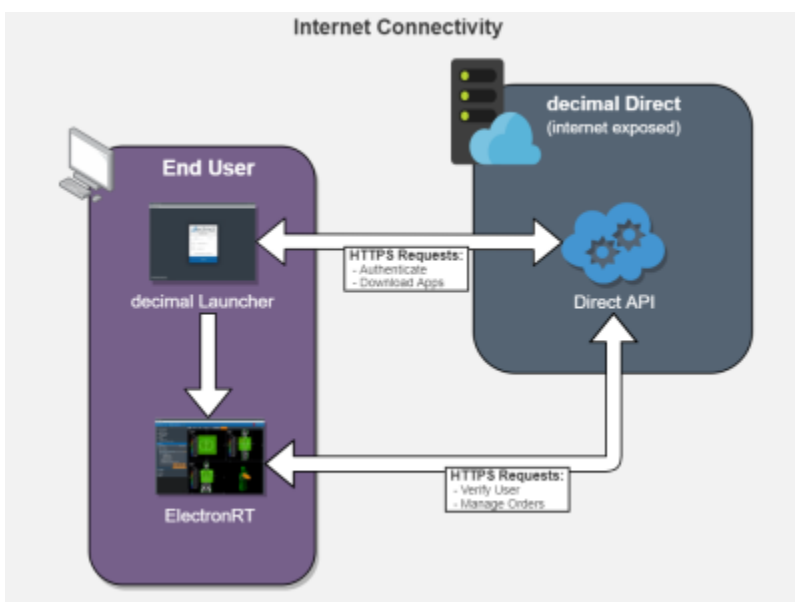


Fig. 3: Internet Data Transfer

Data is transferred to and from the decimal Direct servers using secure HTTPS transfer protocols that guarantee error-free transfer using common industry standard techniques. All data passed to and from .decimal's ordering servers is encrypted during transit and does not contain patient identifying data.

Simultaneous Plan Access

Treatment plans are protected against simultaneous record access and data loss by ensuring an attempted update to plan data is not based on an outdated base file. If the local plan record has been accessed simultaneously by another user and has been modified (committed to the database) by another user, the outdated local plan record will be unable to commit the change until the plan has been updated locally.

Coordinates and Units of Measure

The following is a list of several important items that users should understand in regards to the information displays in the decimal eRT application:

- decimal eRT exclusively uses the DICOM patient coordinate system for position display information (equipment based coordinates are NOT available)
- Local equipment coordinates are available for machine rotational axes (i.e. gantry, couch, and collimator) and users should configure each treatment room to match their actual equipment using decimal eRT site level settings at the time of commissioning

- All linear dimensions are shown in centimeters (cm)
- All angular dimensions are shown in degrees (deg)
- All radiation dose quantities will be shown with their corresponding units within the application (e.g. Gy or %)
- All date/time values are provided in a *yyyy-mm-dd h:m:s* format using local time on a 24 hour clock
- All date and time notifications in decimal eRT should match current Windows OS date and time, including proper use of daylight savings time where appropriate (note: decimal eRT will display in 24 hour format, while Windows may display in am/pm depending on local settings)

Data Validation and Limits

Users are responsible for inputting a lot of data into decimal eRT to develop clinical treatment plans. In the course of entering such data, there are opportunities for users to enter incorrect information. Although users are responsible for checking for such errors before clinical treatment, decimal eRT does provide some assistance in ensuring data limitations are met by a plan. Machine energy, beam treatment angle limits, applicator collision detection, SSD limits, as well as electron block sizes and availability are all explicitly limited to user configured ranges within the decimal eRT controls. Additionally, certain incompatible settings, e.g. negative prescription doses, are also explicitly prevented within the decimal eRT user interface.

Despite these many data validation checks, some entries are not able to be validated within the decimal eRT user interface and users should include appropriate checks and warnings in their custom treatment plan reports to ensure such concerns are brought to the attention of all responsible parties before patient treatment begins. Additionally, some checks are implemented as warnings and can be overridden by users. In such cases, treatment plan reports will include a statement such as this (or similar): "CAUTION: SOME DATA ELEMENTS USED WERE OUTSIDE NORMAL RANGE".

Max number of Supported beams

The .decimal ElectronRT App has a limit of 10 treatment beams allowed per plan. Exceeding this amount of beams is considered outside the normal application limits and users will be warned accordingly within the application.

Commissioning Data Field Sizes

The decimal eRT app UI and plan reports will provide a warning to the user if a beam's field size is larger or smaller than the allowable field sizes listed in the commissioning data for the selected beam energy. The warning will appear in the Beams Block next to each beam and as a warning on the Treatment Plan PDF report.

Data Displays and Interpretation

The decimal eRT app is a complex treatment planning system and as such it contains many different

displays throughout the plan creation process. The provided [User Guide Tutorials](#) provide detailed descriptions of each task and display present in the system.

Unauthorized Use

The decimal eRT application will contain sensitive patient information that is protected under various governmental regulations, therefore users must ensure they adequately follow all appropriate and applicable rules regarding how, where, and when their staff may access the application and its data. In order to facilitate proper usage and protections, decimal eRT has a [robust user authentication](#) and permissioning system. Since all application and data access requires user login credentials, it is important that a strong password policy is used and that all users understand the importance of maintaining secrecy of their password (i.e. passwords should never be shared among more than one user). It is these user credentials that protect the system and its data from unauthorized access and replication.

Currently the .decimal authentication systems requires passwords to have:

- At least 1 special character (!@#\$%^&*)
- Lower case (a-z), upper case (A-Z) and numbers (0-9)
- Must be at least 10 characters in length

Access Control

decimal eRT uses [Auth0](#) as an Identity-as-a-Service provider for user account management. All user accounts and credentials are managed by the Auth0 service including user creation, password policies, password resets, and secure authentication.

As decimal eRT is deployed on customer workstations the site administrator will be responsible for the installation of the software on the appropriate workstations and the account management of all users at the facility. Each employee should have an individual login and password to access the decimal eRT application that prevents unauthorized access, and account sharing should be strictly prohibited.

User Authentication

Users authenticate and launch the decimal eRT application using the [decimal Launcher](#).

User Sessions

When decimal eRT is launched from the decimal Launcher, decimal eRT is given an JWT authentication token for the logged in user. This token is used to authenticate and perform [decimal Direct API](#) requests. This JWT token is issued by decimal Direct and Auth0 and has a built in expiration. When this token expires the user will be logged out of the application and be forced to re-authenticate and relaunch the application using the decimal Launcher. Refer to [decimal Launcher's User Guide](#) for details on this

authentication token and its expiration.

Auth0 user credentials are authenticated and validated using the decimal Direct API by decimal eRT each time a user logs in and on recurring timer events. If user credentials are invalid or expired, users will automatically be logged out of the application and prevented from using or accessing any data within the application/system.

Inactivity Timeout

decimal eRT has a built in inactivity timeout that will automatically log the user out if no mouse/keyboard activity has occurred. The timeout setting can be changed in the [decimal eRT application settings](#). Idle workstation locking at the OS level is also recommended for all workstations with access to decimal eRT. While there are inactivity and session timeouts built into the application, workstation idle locking will further protect the system from unauthorized access in-between session timeouts.

Account Management

decimal eRT site managers have the ability to [add and remove users](#) to their site. When adding a new user an Auth0 account will be created for the new user and automatically linked to the site. The user will then be notified to set their password following the Auth0 password reset process. Removing a user from a site does not delete the user's Auth0/.decimal account, but removes the account from the site, effectively removing all access to the site's apps, data, and device order history. Refer to the [decimal Direct User Guide](#) for more information.

Account Permissions

Account permissions are able to be set by the Site Administrator within [decimal Direct's App Permissions page](#). eRT has two levels of account permissions:

1. **User Levels:** A high level generic group for the user that provides general access levels
2. **Feature Permissions:** A feature by feature granular permission for the user

User Levels

decimal eRT limits the features available to users based on their .decimal account user permission level. The following user permission levels are available:

Permission Level	Available Permissions
Default	A default user with normal treatment planning permissions - Recommended permission level for all dosimetry personnel
Research	Not applicable for decimal eRT

Permission Level	Available Permissions
Elevated	Elevated user with physics access - Sandbox configuration/user

Feature Permissions

In addition, eRT also provides user based permissions for specific features within the application.

Permission	Permission Level	Description
IM Device	Site Wide	Allows the user to use the Electron Intensity Modulator devices when making a beam. <i>This permission is granted by .decimal staff on the purchase of the Electron Intensity Modulator module</i>
Plan Approval	User Account	Allows the user to approve and lock treatment plans required to order hardware devices for fabrication
Facility Configuration	User Account	Allows the user to edit the Organization and Treatment machines, including commissioning data

Known Limitations

For a list of known system issues and limitations please refer to the following articles for the decimal eRT app. [decimal eRT Known Limitations](#)

Release Management (decimal Launcher)

The decimal eRT app is installed and launched from the [decimal Launcher](#). The Launcher program provides the following functionality in regards to decimal eRT:

1. Ensures that all users at a site are using the same version of the application
2. Ensures that the local app client stays in sync with the latest release version (as set via decimal Direct)
3. Provides user authentication and password management
4. Provides binary file security to ensure that the application files are not tampered with on .decimal's server or on client workstations (via hashes and checksums). Refer to [decimal Launcher's Application Security](#) page for further details.

When an application update is available via the decimal Launcher, the users will be required to install the app in the Launcher. This is accomplished by selecting the *Download* button for the specific app. Within a few minutes, the app should be downloaded and installed locally for the current user account. The user will then be able to launch the released app version from the Launcher.

Details regarding the specific requirements for computers on which the decimal Launcher and decimal eRT client applications will be installed can be found on the [decimal Launcher System Requirements](#) and [decimal eRT System Requirements](#) page.

Releasing a new App Version

When a new application version of decimal eRT is released, users will be notified in the [decimal Launcher](#). This notification serves only to notify users of a newer version of the application and does not result in a newer version being installed for use.

New release versions of the decimal eRT application should be tested prior to clinical deployment following the [Testing New Releases](#) guide.

Once an app version has been reviewed and approved for release at a site, the application will be deployed to the decimal Launcher clinical environment following the [Updating Applications](#) guide. This will immediately push the app update to all decimal eRT users (via the decimal Launcher) and all users will be required to update to the released version to continue using the software.

Release Notes

For the release notes for each version of the decimal eRT application, please refer to the [decimal eRT Version History](#) page.

Release Version Compatibility

The decimal eRT app is tested for version compatibility by .decimal prior to release to customers. However, it is still important for each site to independently test and verify the data integrity of each version prior to release at the site. Specifically, .decimal will test the version compatibility by:

- Adding manual and automatic data upgrades, as appropriate, for changes in the data model. When applicable, these changes are required to be sensible to the clinical environment and will be documented in the release notes.
- Test the final dose calculations of matching patients between the two app versions to ensure the final doses exactly match (unless the app release notes has been otherwise indicated that the dose calculations have changed).

Prior to releasing a new app version into a site, it is imperative to ensure that the data is compatible between the existing version installed in the clinical environment and the new version that is intended to be installed. This should be tested according to the [Clinical Safety Guide](#) for your site.

Testing New Releases

New release versions of the decimal eRT application should be tested prior to clinical deployment using the [decimal Launcher Sandbox feature](#) and the [decimal eRT Sandbox configuration](#) where the new version can be tested for clinical acceptability according to the [Clinical Safety Guide](#). Sandbox and release versions of applications are managed via the decimal Launcher and decimal Direct app management system. Guides for these features can be found in the [decimal Launcher Updating](#)

[Applications](#) guide.

The following procedure shall be followed in order to safely release new versions of an application:

1. Perform [Data Backup](#) of all clinical patient data.
 1. While this step should be unnecessary, it is recommended as a precaution in case problems arise during the version upgrade.
2. Review the release notes for the new version and ensure you understand the changes and acknowledge any risks of deployment of the new version to your site.
3. Install the release candidate version of the application to the [decimal Launcher Sandbox environment](#) and use the decimal eRT [Sandbox Testing](#) process to open clinical data in the isolated sandbox mode.
4. Open existing patients in the Sandbox environment. You should ensure each of the following for the existing patients and plans in the sandbox testing:
 1. The patients and plans all open without errors.
 2. The final dose result is the same as the previous version. Note: for unapproved plans the dose results may recompute. For approved plans the dose and device results should be exactly the same.
 3. **Perform any testing deemed appropriate in regards to the changes outlined in the release notes and required by regulatory guidelines for treatment planning system upgrades.**
5. Once the release candidate has been thoroughly tested and is ready for release, notify all users at your site of the pending release and set an appropriate date and time for the release (it is generally good practice to stop all active clinical use during the upgrade, so it is best to choose a time outside of normal clinical operating hours). At the designated date/time [back up the clinical data](#) (data may have changed since the previous copy was made, so do not skip this step).
Keeping the latest backup of data is important as it provides the ability to roll back to a working clinical state should the release process fail.
6. Using the decimal Launcher [Updating Applications](#) guide, release the new version of decimal eRT to your site for the Clinical environment.

Data Duplication or Backup

decimal eRT patient data can be duplicated or backed up by manually copying the file system stored on disk. This will create an exact replicate of the original data used by decimal eRT. This process allows for data backup, release testing, or data manipulation without adversely impacting the original data store.

The [Data Backup Recommendations](#) section outlines the recommended frequency for backup of each data storage element used by decimal eRT. Refer to [Data Management \(Storage and Caching\)](#) for an outline of each data storage location to determine the appropriate scope of the data duplication or backup.

Copying Data

The current data storage locations are set in the decimal eRT [application settings](#) page. By copying the folders linked from these settings, the application data is fully captured and backed up.

Linking to New Data Storage

To restore or link to a different data store, open the decimal eRT [application settings](#) page and update each setting to the new file storage location.

decimal eRT Patient Data Model

The following page describes the hierarchy of data used to manage patient data records within the decimal eRT treatment planning environment.

There are three main levels for how decimal eRT stores its data:

1. Patient

1. A person receiving medical treatment. A Patient record contains basic personal information and demographics, as well as any number of treatment Courses.
2. This is where the patient name (prefix, given name, middle name, family name, suffix), medical record number (MRN#), sex (male, female, other, any) and date of birth (month, day, year) are stored.

2. Course(s)

1. A description of the patient's anatomy. Contains a single CT image set and all structure contours (targets and organs at risk) associated with these images. A Course can contain any number of associated Plans.
2. Contains the physician's orders for treating this Course and contains information about the prescription and other clinical goals for the Course.

3. Plan(s)

1. A detailed model of an electron therapy treatment. Most aspects of the patient planning information are stored here (e.g. Beams, Devices, Dose). A Plan will implement all of the Course prescription and physicians will approve a Plan to indicate it is ready to proceed to QA and (if successful) on to actual patient treatment.
2. A Plan also contains a QA record (once the plan is approved) that facilitates completion of plan dose QA and device QA.

Hierarchy

A single Patient can have one or multiple [1 - n] number of Courses (by importing multiple DICOM data sets for the same patient), and a Course can have one or multiple [1 - n] number of Plans. This relationship is detailed in the table below:

Patient Data Model				
[1]	Patient			
	- Patient metadata information (name, demographics, etc)			
	- Data imported from provided DICOM files			
	[1 - n]	Course		
		- Imported DICOM patient model (CT, Structures)		
		- Prescriptions and Clinical Goals		
		[1 - n]	Plan	
			- CT Curves	
			- Points	
			- Treatment Beams	
- Devices				
- Dose				
- QA				

System Requirements

Details regarding the specific requirements for computers on which the decimal Launcher and decimal eRT client applications will be installed can be found on the [decimal Launcher System Requirements](#) and [decimal eRT System Requirements](#) pages.

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