

Electron Block Creation

Here the user can create and edit Electron Blocks for the selected beam as well as edit values for an existing block.

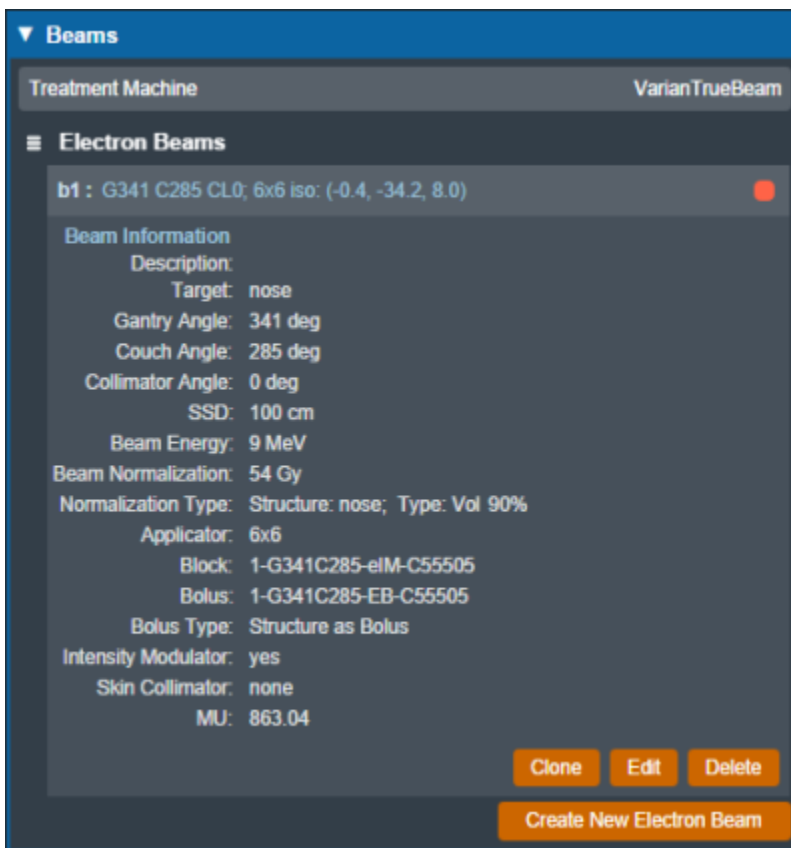


Fig. 1: Block size selection

Block Size

- **Size:** Select the block size. The list of available block sizes is derived from the list of applicator (cone) sizes available for the selected machine. Applicator sizes can be enabled and disabled from editing the machine data in the site configuration.

Note: When first creating a beam the eRT app will auto calculate the smallest block that will fit the current aperture shape.



Fig. 2: Block size options

Note Selecting a block size that is too small for the aperture shape will cause an error that will not allow the creation/saving of the beam until an appropriate size is selected.



Fig. 3: Block size too small

- **Description:** An optional description for this block used to identify it.

Target Margin

- **Margin:** The value (in cm) of the margin around the target structure as projected to isocenter. A negative margin can be used to specify a contraction around the beam target while positive values will cause an expansion.

Note: The app will automatically recalculate and display changes to the block as the margin is edited.

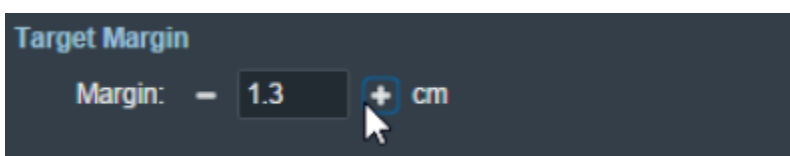


Fig. 4: Block target margin

Avoidance Structures

The user may select one or more structures in the structure list here to add as an avoidance structure. Avoidance structures will decrease the block opening to remove all areas within the projection of the structure.

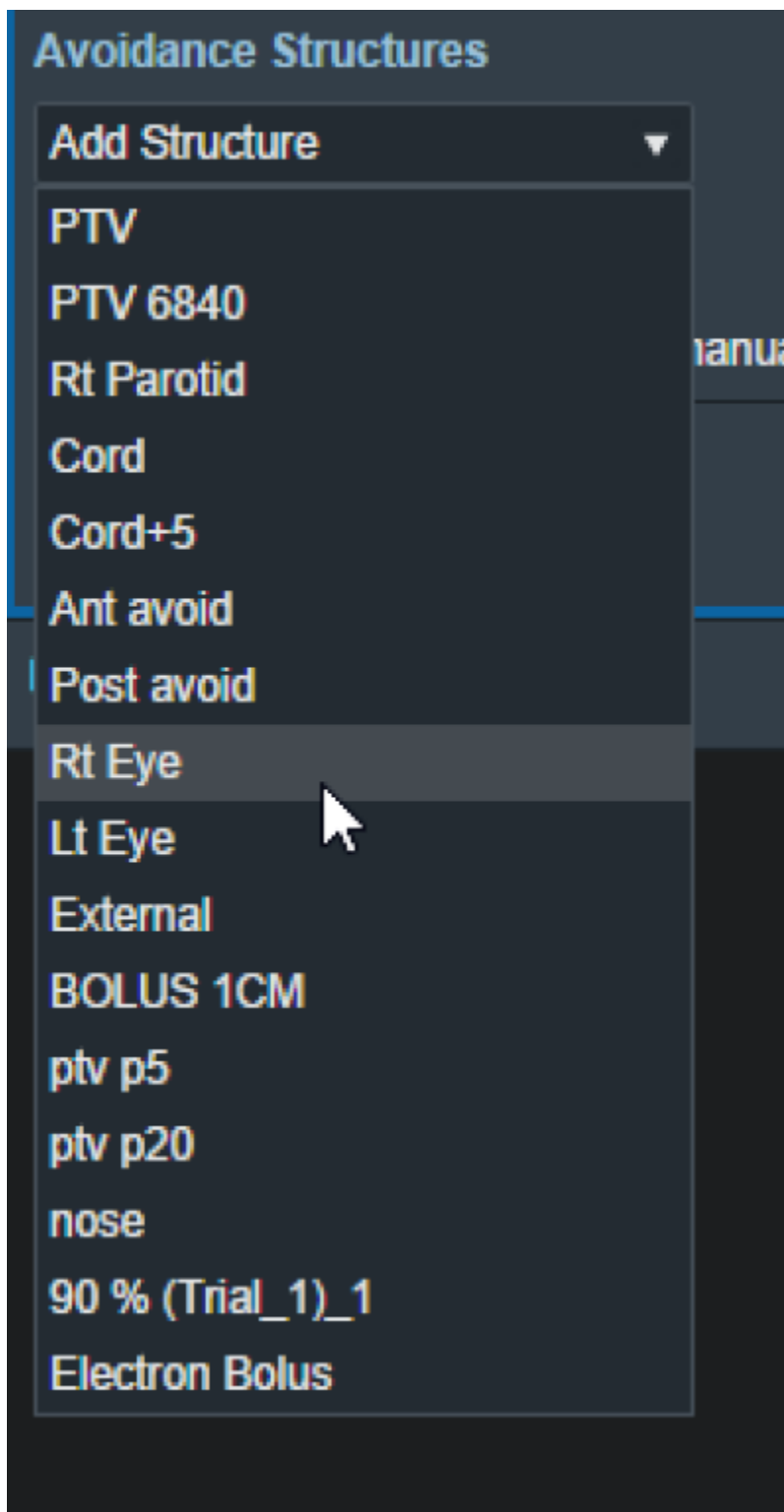


Fig. 6: Avoidance structure selection

Once the structure is selected you will be able to set the values for how it should be avoided. Including:

- **Avoidance Margin:** required, sets the margin of avoidance around the selected structure's projection to the isocenter plane.

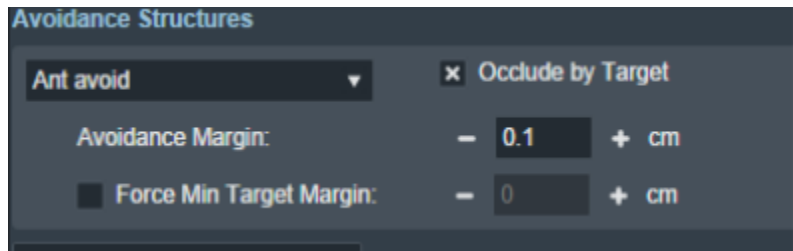


Fig. 7: Selected avoidance structure

- **Force min target margin:** disabled by default, when enabled it will force a minimum margin around the target taking priority over the settings of the avoidance structure.

For example: As you can see below, there is an overlap between the margin set for the avoidance structure and our target structure. Since “force min target margin” is disabled, the avoidance margin has priority over the target.

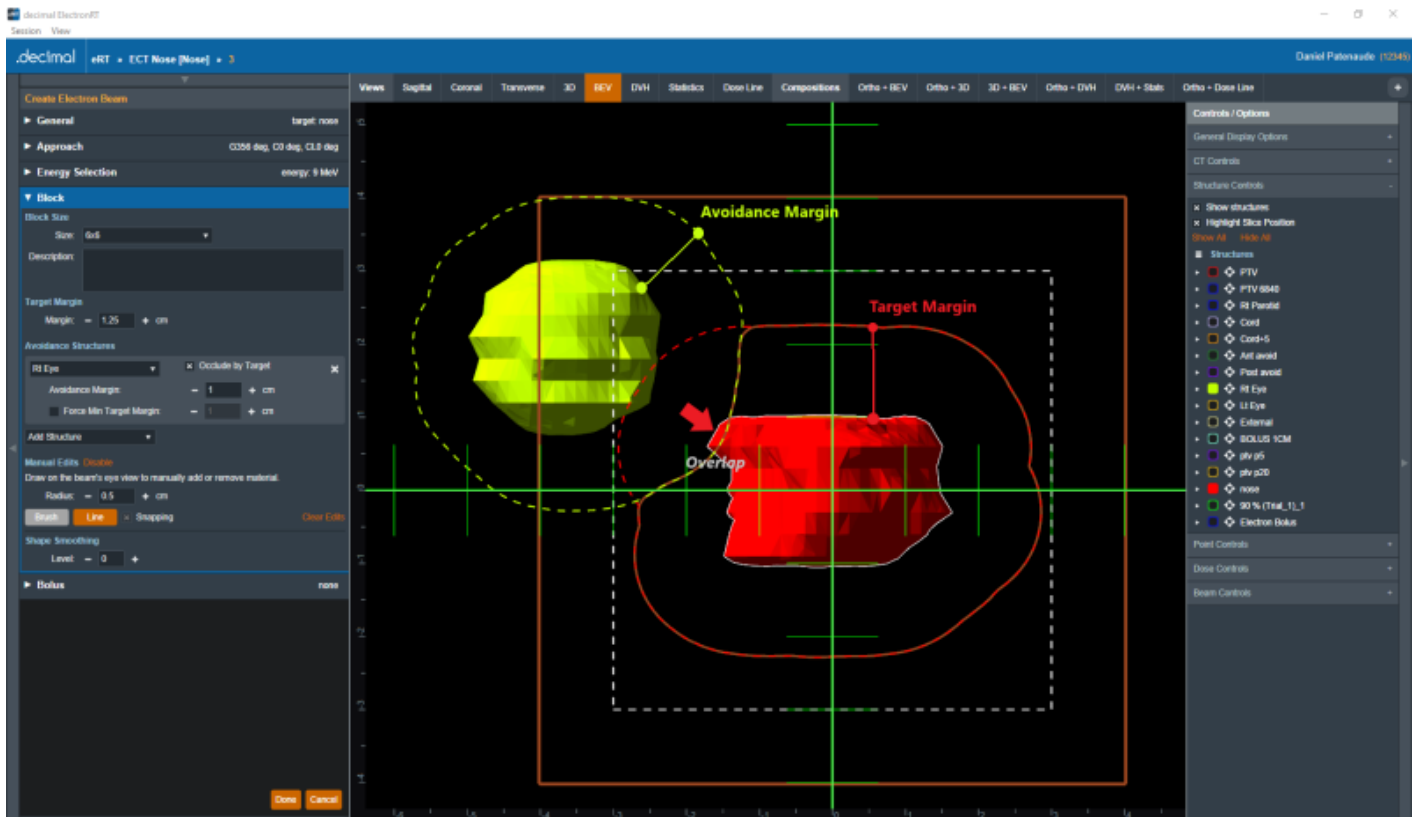


Fig. 8: Force min target margin is off

If the user decides that the target should have priority over the avoidance structure we can enable the “force min target margin” and set a min margin for our target. As you can see below the min margin set

takes priority over our avoidance margin and there is no more overlap.

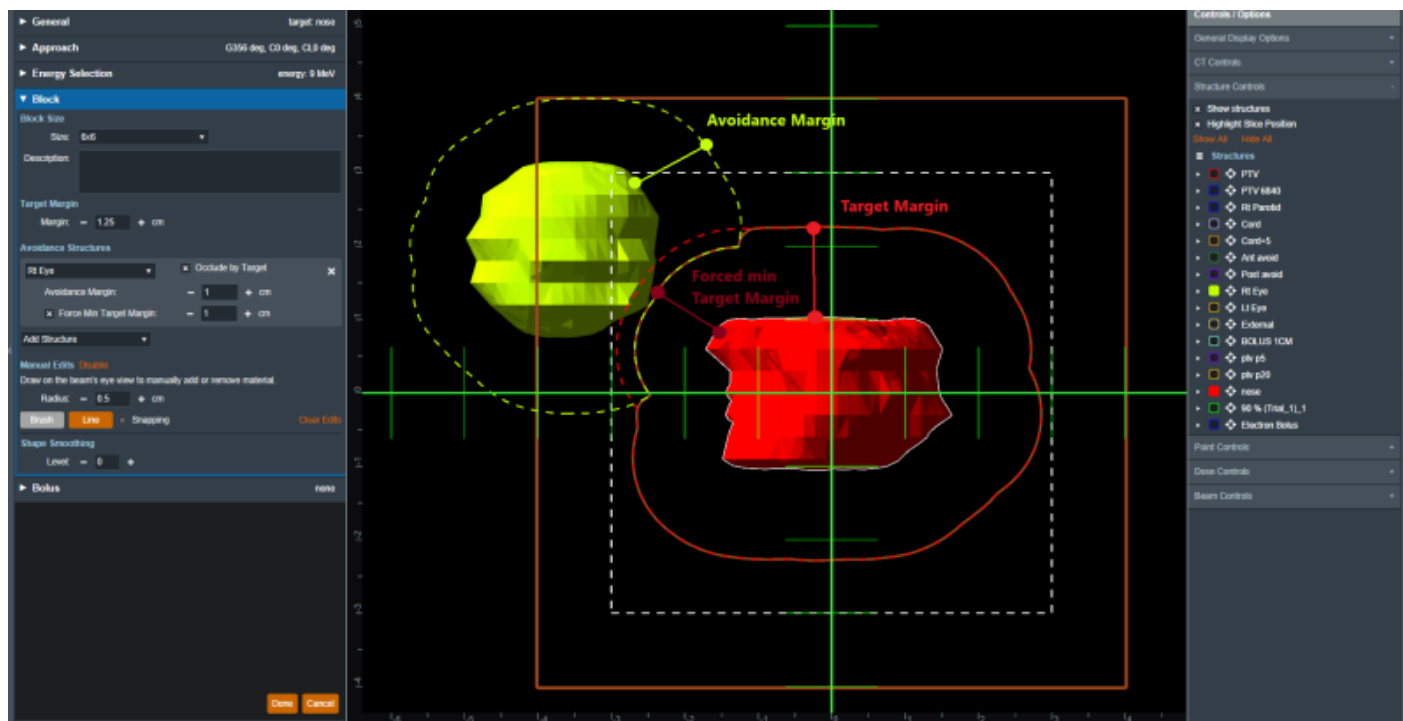


Fig. 9: Force min target margin is on

- **Occlude by target:** Enabled by default, sets whether or not the depth position of the avoidance structure, relative to the target is included in the avoidance structure projection.

For example: Selecting to “Occlude by target” ignores portions of the avoidance structure that are deeper than the target (from the BEV perspective), as seen below.

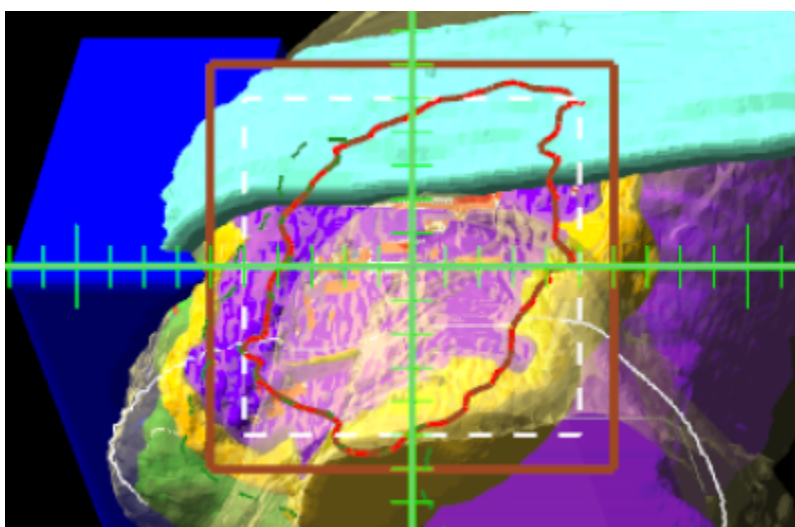


Fig. ##: Structure is occluded

And disabling the checkbox gives the priority to the avoidance structure, this means you block the entire structure regardless of its position relative to the target.:

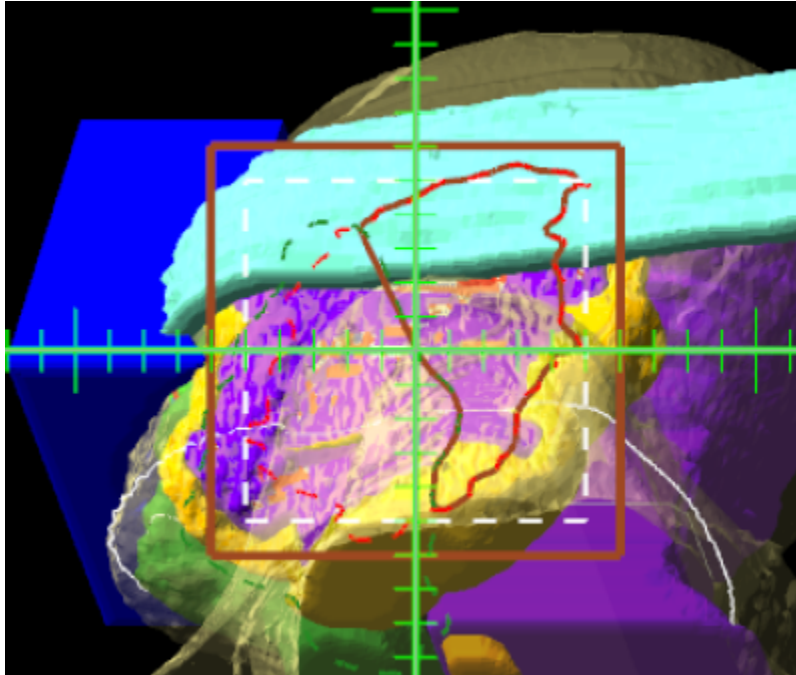


Fig. ##: Structure is not occluded

Manual Edits

By default manual editing of the block shape is disabled, but a user can elect to enable the ability to manually change the block shape.

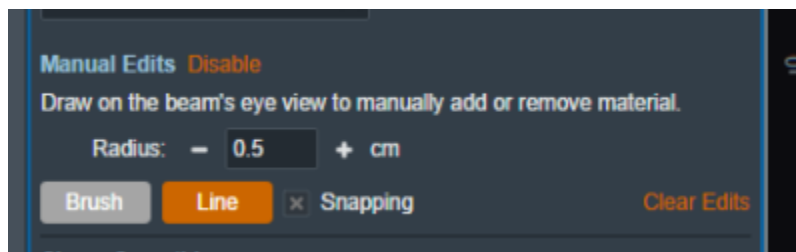


Fig. 10: Enabling manual edits

Once manual editing has been enabled you will see the cursor update to reflect the editing tool. You can choose to edit with the Brush cursor or by drawing straight lines using the Line tool. Both take in the radius that can also be set by the user to alter the size of the editing tool.

Note: Drawing on the “Exterior” of the aperture shape will shrink the shape of the block as can be seen below.

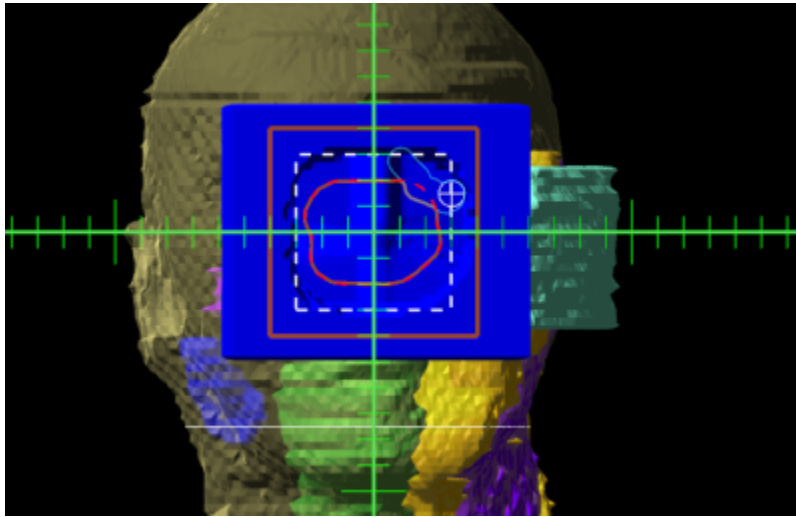


Fig. 11: Shrinking the block shape

Note: Drawing from the “Interior” of the aperture shape will expand the shape of the block as can be seen below.

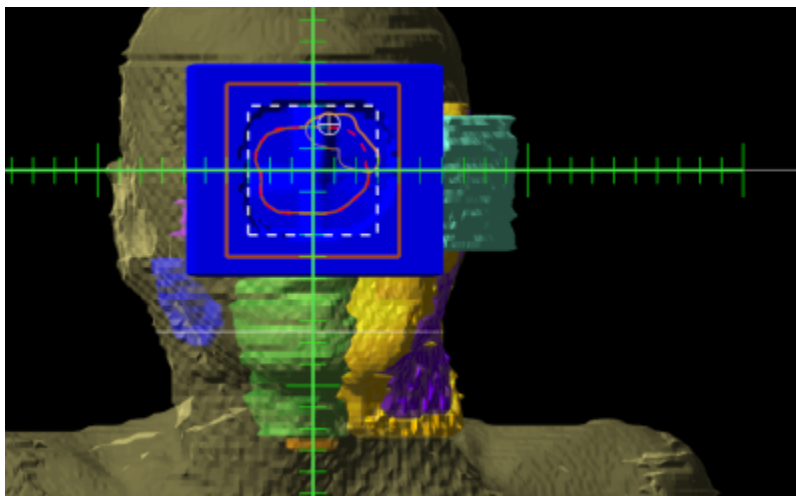


Fig. 12: Expanding the block shape

Shape Smoothing

- **Level:** Sets the level of smoothing applied to the block shape.

Note: The app will automatically recalculate and display changes to the block based on the set smoothing level.

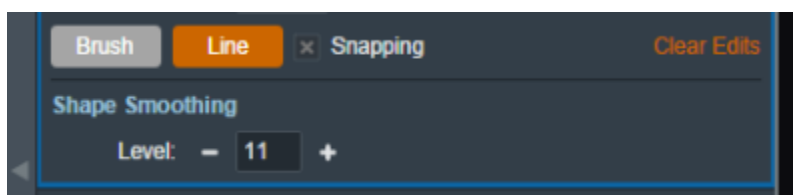


Fig. 13: Setting the smoothing level for the block

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